

Early Help for Children and Families

EARLY HELP OFFER

At The Bewdley School we recognise the challenges that families face in bringing up children. There may be times when you need extra help and support. If this is the case please come and talk to us. There are many ways in which we can help as outlined in this offer of early help. We can also help to plan specific support for families in the forms of My Plan, My Plan + and My Assessment where we can work together to set and achieve outcomes.

The diagram below shows the range of needs at different levels. We use this graduated approach to make sure we provide the best support for different families' individual situations.



Providing early help to our pupils and families at The Bewdley School means we are more effective in promoting support as soon as we can. Early help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges, at any point in a child's life, from the foundation years through to teenage years.

Key Personnel:	
The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) is: Mr Dhiren Chauhan	
Contact details:	
email: <u>dch@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk</u> Telephone:01299 403 277	
The deputy DSL(s) is/are: Mrs Harper, Mr Philips & Mrs Kent	
Contact details:	
email: aha@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , ske@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , pph@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , ske@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , ske@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , ske@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk , ske@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk)	<u>ık</u>
Telephone: 01299 403 277	
The nominated safeguarding governor is: Mrs Sarah Booth	
Contact details:	
Telephone: 01299 403 277	
The Headteacher is: Mr Hadley-Pryce	
Contact details:	
email: <u>dhp@bewdley.worcs.sch.uk</u> Telephone: 01299 403 277	
The Chair of Governors are: Mr Derek Haskins	
Contact details:	
Telephone: 01299 403 277	

Example:

Child Sexual Exploitation

All staff at The Bewdley School have been trained to identify early cases of child sexual exploitation. At school we use the CSE Screening tool if we have concerns. <u>https://www.bewdley.worcs.sch.uk/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/Child-Sexual-Exploration-Identification-Tool-2018-.pdf</u>

Female Genital Mutilation

All staff have received training on FGM. Teachers know how to identify if a child may be at risk. They know the signs to look for and most importantly how to refer, following the schools safeguarding procedures.

<u>Bullying</u>

At The Bewdley School, we are committed to providing a caring, supportive and safe environment for all of our students so they can learn in a relaxed and secure atmosphere. Bullying of any kind is unacceptable at our school. If bullying does occur, all students should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively. Please see our bullying page at <u>https://www.bewdley.worcs.sch.uk/bullying-advice/</u>

<u>E-Safety</u>

The Bewdley School recognises that e-Safety is an essential aspect of education in the modern curriculum and we aim to embed safe practice into the culture of the school.

In **Keeping Children Safe in Education 2018** it makes it clear that ALL staff should be aware of their local early help process and understand their role in it. In addition, this statutory document makes it clear that any child may benefit from early help, but all school and college staff should be particularly alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:

- Is disabled and has specific additional needs;
- Has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory education, health care plan);
- Is a young carer;
- Is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups;
- Is frequently missing/goes missing from care or from home;
- Is misusing drugs or alcohol themselves;
- Is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking or exploitation;
- Is in a family circumstance present challenges for the child; such as substance abuse, adult mental health problems or domestic abuse;
- Has returned home to their family from care;
- Is showing early signs of abuse and/or neglect;

- Is at risk of being radicalised or exploited;
- Is a privately fostered child.

Everyone needs help at some time in their lives and therefore an ethos of early help is important for any school.

The coordinated Bewdley School offer of Early Help is outlined in the table below. We believe that early interventions for children or families, in many cases, will prevent children from experiencing harm.

We also liaise with other agencies and people within the local community. In the table below are some National organisations that can support children, young people and their families

School Mentor	Students can make an appointment to see Mrs Gallagher [School Mentor] if they feel they need to talk and share their problems
Form Tutor	Your child's Form Tutor is the first point of contact to discuss the wellbeing of your child
Head of Year	The Head of Year is available should more significant issues or concerns arise
Inclusion	The Inclusion area incorporates the SEND Department and is the point of contact for parents whose children have additional needs
School Nurse	The School nurse is available for drop-in sessions every Monday between 9.30am and 12.00pm
Head of Faculty	The Head of Faculty is the first point of contact to discuss your child's academic needs
Pastoral programme	The school's detailed programme covers a number of themes that incorporate PSHCE and British Values <u>https://www.bewdley.worcs.sch.uk/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2018/10/Values-at-Bewdley.pdf</u>
Police Community Support Officer	PSCO Pat Roberts is available to deal with issues in and around the community and meets regularly with the Deputy Headteacher
What is our Early Help Offer?	Early help guidance for professionals What is Early Help?

The Bewdley School's Early Help Offer in the boxes below:

	Early Help means providing support as soon as a problem appears, to stop it from getting worse. This could be at any point in a child's life, from birth to the teenage years. Anyone can provide early help – you don't need to be an expert professional. Early help is not about passing the issue on to an expert, but thinking about what is the best support you can offer. You can provide effective support by: listening working with other people who could help finding out about specialist agencies who could help finding out an <u>Early Help Assessment</u> with the person you are helping contacting <u>Children's Social Care</u> if you think the problem is more serious <u>http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/eha</u> There is a lot of information and advice on the <u>Advice, Care, Health and Support pages</u> as well as detail of local services that can provide support for children, young people and families. Download: <u>Worcestershire Safeguarding Children Board –</u> <u>Early Help Strategy 2017 to 2020</u> Download: <u>Worcestershire Special Educational Needs and</u> <u>Disabilities (SEND) strategy</u>
The Front Door to Children's Services (Previously: Children's Helpdesk).	If a member of staff, parent/carer or member of the public thinks a child or young person is at immediate risk of significant harm they should contact the Family Front Door (FFD) – 01905 822 666 or in an emergency always call 999. Do not wait to discuss this with the DSL/DDSL but do report it afterwards.

WSCB (Worcestershire Safeguarding Children's Board) website.	http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/safeguardingchildren Important information for parents and professionals across Worcestershire in relation to keeping children safe and avenues of support including early help options. Everyone should know how to access this website which has all of the agreed Worcestershire safeguarding and child protection processes on it.
Universal source of help for all families in Worcestershire: Worcestershire Family Information Service (FIS)	Worcestershire Family Information Service (FIS) advisors give impartial information on childcare , finances , parenting and education . FIS are a useful source of information for parents and professionals. They support families, children and young people aged 0-19 years of age (25 for young people with additional needs) and professionals working with these families. They can help link parents up with other organisations that might be able to help or provide the information themselves. <u>http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20507/childcare/15</u> <u>79/family_information_service</u>
Home-school support Worcestershire Home Education Network	 Home education is becoming an increasingly popular option for families in Worcestershire and we have a growing community that are able to offer each other support. Between us we have years of experience in educating children of all ages and are able to organise and put on a range of activities. We hold meetings usually at least weekly, throughout term time at various locations round the county-for example: Social gatherings occur monthly in North Worcestershire for all ages, with both indoor and outdoor games plus organised activities such as climbing/zip-wires/grass sledging for 8+. Monthly meeting in Worcester with games, music and crafts for all ages. Monthly social meeting in south Worcestershire, including indoor and outdoor games, group music session and a drama group.

	- Bowling or Ice skating most months.
	- "Education group" workshops organised regularly. Recent workshops have include: Marvellous Mosaics' 'Gunpowder plot' 'Medieval life', 'Making Music' and 'Creative Writing.
	We also meet up with people from neighbouring counties and many of us go along to the national camps and gatherings that are organised by home educators throughout the year.
	We have a Worcestershire Home Educators Newsletter (WHEN) that lists all of the activities for the coming month and run a Worcestershire Home Educators Internet support list.
	Contact us on:
	info@worcestershire-home-educators.co.uk
E-safety (Online Safety)	Online Activity (phones, computers) can be a serious risk to children: The use of technology has become a significant component of many safeguarding issues. Child sexual exploitation; radicalisation; sexual predation – technology often provides the platform that facilitates harm. With the right support, education and safety measures in place the internet and new technologies can also bring great benefits but we must all be vigilant IPIPACE (parents against child exploitation) UK is a useful website to engage parents with safety issues. www.paceuk.info/ IPIhttps://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/parents/ - This is the Child Exploitation and Online Protection (CEOP) Centre. It's a one stop shop for most information about online safety. https://educateagainsthate.com/ - This is the government website to help parents and professionals understand the risks of children and young people being radicalised by extremists online and how to keep children safe from this. IPIwww.internetmatters.org – A great site for helping parents keep their children safe online.

Mental Health	We have some useful self-help guides/leaflets available for you to access online. The guides are available for you to read online. The self-help guides can be accessed by typing the below link into your URL and selecting 'Self Help Guides': www.hacw.nhs.uk/a-to-z/letter-s/ Staying Safe http://stayingsafe.net/ SANE 0845 767 800 Email: sanemail@org.uk www.sane.org.uk
	Samaritans 116 123
	(24 hour helpline) www.samaritans.org.uk
	Rethink Mental Illness 0300 5000 927 www.rethink.org
	Mental Health Foundation
	www.mentalhealth.org.uk
	MIND
	0300 123 3393 or
	text 86463 www.mind.org.uk
	Anxiety UK
	08444 775 774
	www.anxietyuk.org.uk
Bullying (including cyberbullying)/ Child death/suicide/prevention	Cyberbullying is using the internet, email, online games or any digital technology to threaten, tease, upset or humiliate someone else.
	If the police consider a message or post to be potentially criminal, they will take appropriate action. This could involve arresting the person responsible or interviewing them under caution. Cases involving sustained abuse or where someone's life is threatened will be treated seriously. The police will consider all of the circumstances when considering the best response to a report of cyber bullying. They will assess how vulnerable the victim is and what

	resources are required to trace the offender via social networking sites that often operate abroad and to different legislation. In certain cases it may be difficult to take action if the offender isn't in the UK.They will work with the victim to bring about the most suitable and proportionate conclusion, this will include alternative options that include the officer in the case using their discretion and working with the offender to record an apology to the victim.
	Useful links
	Bullying UK
	<u>Childline</u>
	KidScape: Our resources provide information on issues surrounding bullying, online and personal safety. They can be used directly by young people and parents, as well as in the classroom within schools and youth organisations.
	https://www.kidscape.org.uk/resources-and-publications/
Hollie Guard-A new personal safety APP	https://hollieguard.com/
	Children & Teens
	 Hollie Guard keeps your entire family safe. Keep an eye on your children while they're traveling to and from school with Journey. Teens can get help quickly while out with friends. Parents, guardians, and caregivers are automatically contacted by both SMS and email.
Hate Crime	A hate crime is a criminal offense whose motivation can be shown to be race, national origin, religion or sexual orientation. A difference of race alone is NOT sufficient to make it a hate crime. There would have to be evidence of racial slurs or racial statements in addition to the crime (this

does not trivialise other serious offenses that are NOT hate
crimes).
Hate Crime:
West Mercia Police:
Email: contactus@westmercia.police.uk
Emergency number: 999
Non-Emergency number: 101
report online to True Vision (opens in a new window)
https://educateagainsthate.com/parents/
Call in at your local police station

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Children with disabilities team (CWD)	The Children with Disabilities (CwD) Social Work Team provide services designed to meet the needs of children and young people who have complex disabilities.
	The CwD Social Work Team is one of a range of services that can provide support to children and young people with disabilities and their families. Other services available are those provided by health, education, play and youth services as well as community resources provided by voluntary agencies.
	The CwD team offer services to those children and young people requiring additional resources in respect of their disability, where the disability has a profound impact on the child or young person's life.
	An assessment will be offered where the child has a condition which is substantial, long lasting or permanent, is a physical and/or learning disability or a life limiting, life threatening condition. These may include:
	 severe learning disabilities severe physical disabilities severe developmental delay in motor and or cognitive functioning profound multiple disabilities severe sensory impairment (registered blind and/or profoundly deaf) complex and severe health problems that arise from the disability, that are life threatening, degenerative illness or organic disorder resulting in severe disability

 a diagnosis of Autistic Spectrum Condition with an associated learning disability and where the condition severely affects day to day functioning
SEN Services and Support Groups
 9 Tea Cups autismlinks Links to events, services and information of use to families of people with Autism Autism Spectrum Condition and Learning Disabilities Group, a group for family members and carers, Kidderminster Hospital Autism West Midlands a support group for young people aged 16-24 with Asperger's Syndrome in the Malvern Hills area Autism in Worcestershire ASPIE is a social self-help and motivation group for adults with Asperger's Syndrome. We provide a centre in Worcester where Aspies feel welcome and accepted. Childrens Centres. Find out what's happening at your local Children's Centre Community Paediatric Service is concerned with developmental delay and learning disability; Motor difficulties such as cerebral palsy and muscular dystrophy; Neuro-developmental conditions including ADHD and ASD; complex behavioural difficulties; sensory impairment; statutory medical & educational assessments

DDNs (Dangerous Drug	 Please note: Core Assets Independent Support Programme will be closing on the 31 July 2018. Independent Support was always intended to be a time limited resource, supporting the transition from statements to EHCPs. From August 2018 onwards, parents, children and young people will continue to be able to access information, advice and support on statutory assessment and annual reviews from your local SENDIASS. Council for Disabled Children A host of useful leaflets on SEND issues many in Easy Read format to help children understand Disability Information Advice Line (DIAL) Worcestershire Website of the disability advice line South Worcestershire; local info on: Mobility; Benefits and Finance; Carers Support and Respite; Community and Voluntary Support; Disabled Children's Services; Education and Employment; Health; Housing; Independent Living; Learning Disabilities; Legal Support; Leisure and Holidays; Mental Health; Mobility and Aids to Daily Living and Older People's Services Dyslexia Parent Support Group. Find out more from the Worcestershire Dyslexic Support Group Footprints Support for Bereaved Children and their Families in Worcestershire Learning Disabilities (opens in a new window) We work with people with learning disabilities, their families and the people who support them.
Networks)	people in order to set up drugs distribution networks. These criminals are using extreme violence to establish a presence, displacing an existing drug supply chain

	and intimidating rivals, witnesses and victims, this has resulted in local murders. DDN's exploit vulnerable teenagers to become drug
	runners for their network. Early intervention and intelligence are key to safeguard and protect the vulnerable.
	Presentation For DDN's (PDF, 151.7 KB)
	For professionals that work in health (PDF, 1.3 MB)
	For professionals that work with young people (PDF, <u>1.3 MB)</u>
	For professionals working in housing (PDF, 1.3 MB)
	Drug Gangs and Exploitation (PDF, 556.6 KB)
Child Criminal Exploitation (County Lines)	Here is some guidance for frontline professionals on dealing with county lines, part of the government's approach to ending gang violence and exploitation:
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/crimina I-exploitation-of-children-and-vulnerable-adults- county-lines
	Children who are trafficked, exploited or coerced into committing crimes are victims in need of safeguarding and support. Though perceptions are altering these young people are still often criminalised and perceived as having 'made a choice' to take part in illegal activity.
	https://www.catch-22.org.uk/child-criminal- exploitation/
Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)	West Midlands Safeguarding Children Procedures has a page dedicated to <u>Child Sexual Exploitation</u> . It provides information about child sexual exploitation, the roles and responsibilities of relevant agencies and the procedures practitioners should follow to ensure the safety and well-being of children and young people whom it is suspected have been sexually exploited or are at risk of sexual exploitation.
	Key facts about CSE

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	 It affects both girls and boys and can happen in all communities. Any young person can be targeted but there are some particularly vulnerable groups: Looked After Children, Children Leaving Care and Children with Disabilities. Victims of CSE may also be trafficked (locally, nationally and internationally). Over 70% of adults involved in prostitution were sexually exploited as children or teenagers. Sexual violence or abuse against children represents a major public health and social 	
	welfare problem within UK society, affecting	
	16% of children under 16. That is	
	approximately 2 million children.	
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	ocuments	
	Appropriate Language: Child Sexual and/or	
	Criminal Exploitation Guidance For	
	Professionals (CSE Police and Prevention	
	website, opens in a new window)	
	<u>Child Sexual Exploitation: Definition and a</u>	
	guide for practitioners (GOV.UK website, opens	
	in a new window)	
	 <u>Child Sexual Exploitation – Identification Tool</u> 	
	 Worcestershire Child Sexual Exploitation 	
	Strategy and Action Plan 2017 to 2019	
	WSCB Multi-agency Child Sexual Exploitation	
	Pathway	
	WSCB CSE self assessment tool and guidance	
	Naking a referral	
	Naking a referral	
,	he Local Authority has a duty to make enquiries	
	here a child may be suffering harm or neglect. If you	
	hink that a child may be at risk then you can let us	
k	now via the referral form linked below	
	Useful Websites	
	 <u>Barnardo's</u> spot the signs: Advice for parents, professionals and young people on the signs of sexual exploitation and how to keep safe 	
	Jeruar exploitation and now to keep Sale	

	 <u>Department for Education (Gov.uk)</u> National Action Plan for Tackling Child Sexual Exploitation <u>Parents Against Child Sexual Exploitation</u> pace is the leading national charity working with parents and carers whose children are sexually exploited <u>NSPCC</u> definitions, statistics, facts and resources about CSE. <u>NWG Network</u>: Fighting against CSE and working to inform, educate and prevent child sexual abuse within the UK. Spotting The Signs of Child Sexual Exploitation: a 15 minute <u>YouTube clip</u> from Health Education England
Domestic violence	 Here is a very helpful website for what do to in many different difficult situations: http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20379/domes tic violence and sexual abuse West Mercia Women's Aid: 0800 980 3331 0800 783 1359 helpline@westmerciawomensaid.org Further reading Controlling or Coercive Behaviour in an Intimate or Family Relationship Statutory Guidance Framework (GOV.UK website, opens in a new window) Domestic Abuse - A toolkit for employers (Wellbeing.BIT website, opens in a new window) Groups for parents - information and guidance Multi-agency Statutory Guidance for the Conduct of Domestic Homicide Reviews (GOV.UK website, opens in a new window) Worcestershire Domestic Abuse Strategy 2017 - 2020 (click to download) Worcestershire Multi-agency domestic abuse training – Learning Outcomes (click to download)

Teenage relationship abuse	Here is a great PDF helping to understand teenage relationship abuse: U:\U161 CHS\U695 Education Safeguarding\G3 SG\AAA .Education Adviser Safeguarding\G1 Mgt & Admin\03.Education Adviser -Safeguarding files\Admin Assisstant\A parents and carers guide to violence and abuse in teenage relationships.pdf
	Crush CRUSH is an awareness raising and support programme to help young people make safe and healthy relationships. The sessions are run in small groups and are specifically designed for 13-19 year olds. <u>http://www.westmerciawomensaid.org/crush/</u>
Fabricated and induced illness (FII)	Fabricated or induced illness (FII) is a rare form of child abuse. It occurs when a parent or carer, exaggerates or deliberately causes symptoms of illness in the child. <u>https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/Fabricated-or- induced-illness/</u>

Faith abuse	 Faith and belief-based child abuse, including practices around 'spirit possession' and 'witchcraft', is a hidden crime, which makes it difficult to quantify in terms of magnitude. However, from our own experience and in consultation with communities, we know this kind of abuse is under-reported. www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-actionplan-to-tackle-child-abuse-linked-to-faith-or-belief Further contacts for advice can be found from the local representatives for some faiths. An Exploration of Knowledge About Child Abuse Linked to Faith or Belief (2016) National Action Plan to Tackle Child Abuse Linked to Faith or Belief (2012) Safeguarding Children from Abuse Linked to a Belief in Spirit Possession (2007) this good practice guidance is archived but still available. Eleanor Stobart report 2006: Child Abuse Linked To Accusations of Possession And Witchcraft (2006) Unicef study report: Children Accused of Witchcraft AFRUCA: Africans Unite Against Child Abuse 	
	perpetrators believe a relative or other individual has shamed or damaged a family's or community's 'honour' or reputation (known in some communities as izzat), and that the only way to redeem the damaged 'honour' is to punish and/or kill the	

	individual. 'Honour' based violence is a term that is widely used to describe this sort of abuse however it is often referred to as so called 'honour' based violence because the concept of 'honour' is used by perpetrators to make excuses for their abuse. There is a very strong link between 'honour' based violence, forced marriage and domestic abuse. The term 'Honour Based Violence' is the internationally recognised term describing cultural justifications for violence and abuse. Honour Based Violence cuts across all cultures and communities: Turkish, Kurdish, Afghani, South Asian, African, Middle Eastern, South and Eastern European for example. This is not an exhaustive list. Where a culture is heavily male dominated, HBV may exist. The police have made it a high priority to help communities fight back to tackle both honour based violence and hate crime. The 'Honour Network Help line': 0800 5 999 247
Female genital mutilation (FGM)	Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) comprises all procedures involving partial or total removal or the external female genitalia. FGM is illegal in the UK and as of October 2015 mandatory reporting commenced. If education staff or other professionals discovers that an act FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18 years old there is a statutory (legal) duty on teachers for them PERSONALLY to report it to the police.
	Read <u>http://www.nhs.uk/Conditions/female-genitalmutilation</u> for NHS information and signs of FGM. Any suspicion of FGM should be referred to the Police and social care. - Annalise Price-Thomas (Head of Service) has completed the online home office training, <i>'Female Genital Mutilation: Recognising and Preventing FGM'</i> - E-learning package- http://www.fgmelearning.co.uk/ for interested staff or professionals (free home office elearning)
Forced marriage	UK Forced Marriage Unit fmu@fco.gov.uk Telephone: 020 7008 0151 Call 999 (police) in an emergency. www.gov.uk/stop-forced-marriage for information on Forced Marriage. Visit Home Office website to undertake Forced Marriage e-learning package

Gangs and youth violence	 https://www.gov.uk/forced-marriage. GSCB one day Awareness training delivered by Infobuzz www.gscb.org.uk Please see 'Multi-Agency Practice Guidelines- Handling cases of Forced Marriage' for more information and detail: https://www.gov.uk/forcedmarriage. Prevention Freedom Charity- Aneeta Prem 'But it's not fair' book. A book for teenagers looking at forced marriage from the point of view of school friends of the girl who went to India and didn't come back. This book promotes discussion. www.freedomcharity.org.uk The Freedom Charity (UK charity) have a helpline, text facility and app which can be downloaded to help to provide support and protection for victims of abuse, FGM or forced marriage. They can be contacted on tel: 0845 607 0133 or text 4freedom to 88802 or go to the website to download the app from the app page. Here is a PDF assisting with Gangs and Youth
	https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/u ploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/418131 /Preventing_youth_violence_and_gang_involvement_ v3_March2015.pdf This is a website for the Youth Violence Prevention Initiative: http://www.worcesterma.gov/youth- opportunities/youth-violence-prevention
Gender-based violence/violence against women and girls	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/violence-against-women-and-girls-evidence-digest-january-2018For information about West Mercia Rape and SexualAbuse visit: https://www.wmrsasc.org.uk/FGM (Female Genital Mutilation) is violence againstwomen and girls. Forced marriage and so called'Honour' based violence are a violation against humanrights and is a high priority area of the national andlocal Violence Against Women and Girls Agenda. It is,primarily an issue for young women and girls agedbetween 13 and 30 years.Hope House SARC (Sexual Assault Referral Centre):01452 754390www.onyourmindglos.nhs.uk for 'I've been raped orsexually assaulted' information.

Gender Identity Issues	The Gender Trust is a listening ear, a caring support and an information centre for anyone with any question concerning their gender identity, or whose loved one is struggling with gender identity issues. People who might be Transgender, Transsexual or people who do not identify with the gender they were assigned at birth or those who are simply unsure. Address: 76 The Ridgeway, Astwood Bank, B96 6LX tel: 0845 231 0505 www.gendertrust.org.uk
Private fostering	National Fostering Agency (NFA) Call on: 0808 284 9226 Kinship Care Kinship care means that relatives or friends look after children who cannot live with their parents. Visit this website for more information: http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/privatefostering
Preventing Radicalisation and Extremism/HATE (PREVENT duty)	www.educateagainsthate.com is the government website providing information and practical advice for parents, teachers and schools leaders on protecting children from radicalisation and extremism. Anti-Terrorist Hotline: tel 0800 789 321 also be raised by email to the Home office: counter.extremism@education.gsi.gov.uk. Let's talk about it is an excellent website for parents: www.ltai.info/ as is www.preventtragedies.co.uk While it remains very rare for school age children to become involved in extremist activity to the point of committing criminal acts, young people can be exposed to extremist influences or prejudiced views, including via the internet, from an early age. As with other forms of criminality or risk of harm, early intervention is always preferable. Schools, working with other local partners, families and communities, can help support pupils who may be vulnerable as part of wider safeguarding responsibilities. Channel guidance: https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/u ploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/425189 /Channel_Duty_Guidance_April_2015.pdf

Sexting/Sextortion/youth produced imagery	http://www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing- abuse/keepingchildren- safe/sexting (NSPCC website). <u>https://www.westmercia.police.uk/article/8206/Sextin</u> <u>g</u> (West Mercia Police website)		
Children Missing in Education (CME)	Children Missing Education (CME) refers to 'any child of compulsory school age who is not registered at any formally approved education activity eg school, alternative provision, elective home education, and has been out of education provision for at least 4 weeks'. CME also includes those children who are missing (family whereabouts unknown), and are usually children who are registered on a school roll / alternative provision. This might be a child who is not at their last known address and either has not taken up an allocated school place as expected, or has 10 or more days of continuous absence from school without explanation, or left school suddenly and the destination is unknown.This is the link for Children Missing Education on the Worcestershire website http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20595/behavi our and attendance/293/children missing educationBabcock Prime – Educational Welfare Team: Primeedinvservice@babcockinternational.com 01905 678138		
Missing Children and Adults Strategy (vulnerable children and adults who go missing)	Every year an estimated 200,000 people go missing in the UK. In some cases, missing adults may have made a choice to leave and 'start their lives over again', but the vast majority of missing people, children and adults, are vulnerable and need protection and support. The strategy has three key objectives which provide the right foundations for any effective local strategy to tackle this issue: Prevention - reducing the number of people who go missing, including through		

	prevention strategies, education work and early intervention in cases where children and adults repeatedly go missing Protection - reducing the harm to those who go missing, including through a tailored, risk-based response and ensuring agencies work together to find and close cases as quickly as possible at a local and national level Provision - providing support and advice to missing persons and families by referring then to agencies promptly and ensuring they understand how and where to access help. The police should be informed if any child or adult goes missing. The Missing Children and Adults strategy can then be referred to for further information and help. It is a home office publication (2011). https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/missi ng-children-and-adults-strategy https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government /uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/117 793/missing-persons-strategy.pdf
Children with family members in prison	Approximately 200,000 children have a parent sent to prison each year. These children are at risk of poor outcomes including poverty, stigma, isolation and poor mental health. NICCO (www.nicco.org.uk) provides information to support professionals working with offenders and their children to help mitigate the negative consequences for these children. <u>https://www.solgrid.org.uk/education/safeguarding/</u> <u>child-protection/issues/children-family-prison/</u>
Children and the court system	Children are sometimes required to give evidence in courts, either for crimes committed against them or for crimes they have witnessed. There are two guides to support these children which can be found at www.gov.uk (young witness booklet for 5 to 11 year olds) which is a pdf. There is also a document called "going to court and being a witness age 12 to 17" which is also found at www.gov.uk. Making family arrangements via court can be stressful and entrench conflict in families. The ministry of Justice has just launched an online dispute resolution service. This can be useful to parents and carers. Got to www.gov.uk and search for "get help with arrangements."

Stalking	 Seek Repo Keep Scree Photomory possi Get a 	loesn't feel right it probably isn't! support from trusted family/friends ort to the police and do this early a diary in a secure location enshot emails etc and save them ograph/video your stalker if safely	
	For advice an triage servic Phone: 0808 Website: ww	alking Helpline nd support. The helpline will operate a e for local support and make referrals - 3 802 0300 ww.stalkinghelpline.org e@stalkinghelpline.org	
	For advice an Phone line: (Email: info@ Website: <u>wv</u>	020 3866 4107 Opaladinservice.co.uk vw.paladinservice.co.uk/	
	Hollie Gazzard Trust https://holliegazzard.org/		
Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges	Here is advice from the WCC webpage: <u>http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20379/domestic abuse and sexual violence/886/sexual violence and abuse</u>		
	West Mercia Rape and Sexual Abuse Support Centre: <u>https://www.wmrsasc.org.uk/</u> 01905 724 514 <u>Helpline opening times:</u>		
	Monday	7.30pm to 9.30pm	
	Tuesday	1.00pm to 5.00pm	
	Thursday	7.30pm to 9.30pm	
	Friday	10.00am to 2.00pm	